

STRUCTURAL SOLUTIONS, P.A.*

Structural Engineering ■ Investigations ■ Consulting

GARAGE DOOR STATIC PRESSURE TEST REPORT

Garage Door No.:	IBC-1309-150-15-I	Test Date:	2/16/2015	Project No.:	14-006
Design Pressures:	+32.6 psf, -38.3 psf	Report Date:	11/3/2020	Model #	1350
Test Pressures:	+48.9 psf, -57.5 psf	Test Location:	Entrematic, Winston-Salem, NC		
ASCE 7-16 Criteria:	Up to 5 Feet of Door Width in Zone 5; Roof Slope ≤ 10°; Enclosed Building				
	Exp. B, 30' MRH	Exp. C, 15' MRH	Exp. C, 25' MRH	Exp. D, 15' MRH	Exp. D, 25' MRH
	195 mph	177 mph	168 mph	160 mph	154 mph
Witnessed By:	Brandon Gentle - Entrematic / Amarr; Thomas L. Shelmerdine, PE - Structural Solutions, P.A.				

Description of Test Specimen:

A 9'-2" wide x 8'-0" high steel sectional garage door, one section wide by four sections high, each section being 1-3/8" thick by 24" high 27 gauge galvanized steel sheet. Each section was reinforced with one 20 gauge galvanized steel strut, alternating between 2" and 3" struts. The door sections were connected together with one 14 gauge galvanized steel end hinge at each end stile and one 14 gauge galvanized steel center hinge at 1 interior stiles as shown on the drawing. Amarr Model 1350 manufactured by Entrematic was used in the test. The test unit is further described on Drawing IBC-1309-150-15-I.

Manner of Testing:

This test was conducted at Entrematic, 165 Carriage Ct., Winston-Salem, NC, which is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation, Certificate #2595.01. The specimen was tested for static pressure structural performance in substantial conformance with the procedures described in DASMA 108-05 and ASTM E330-14. Both positive and negative pressures were tested. The specimen was installed in an enclosure framed with welded structural steel and covered with 3/4" thick plywood. The door was covered with 2 mil plastic sheeting to prevent leakage of air pressure. One pressure blower was attached to the enclosure with flexible ducting to provide the positive and negative pressures. Pressure transducers connected to a computer were used to measure and record the pressures in the enclosure.

Test Procedure:

The specimen was subjected to the above pressures for the following durations. Positive pressure was applied on the exterior face of the door first, and then negative pressure was applied.

Step 1: Preload the door to 50% of the Design Pressure and hold for 10 seconds. Step 2: Unload the door for 1 to 5 minutes.
Step 3: Load the door to 100% of the Design Pressure and hold for 60 seconds. Step 4: Unload the door for 1 to 5 minutes.
Step 5: Load the door to 150% of the Design Pressure (which equals 100% of the Test Pressure) and hold for 10 seconds.
Step 6: Repeat 1 through 5 above for negative pressure.

Observations:

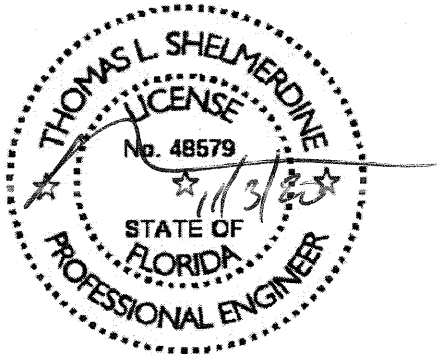
No failures occurred as a result of the noted loadings. The door remained operable after both positive and negative tests.

Summary:

The 9'-2"x8'-0" Amarr Model 1350 as described on drawing IBC-1309-150-15-I meets or exceeds the testing criteria as described above. By comparison to the construction of the 9'-2"x8'-0" Amarr Model 1350, the following doors also meet or exceed the above testing criteria, when constructed in accordance with drawing IBC-1309-150-15-I:

- 9'-2" x 8' Amarr Model 2700 doors (which are 2" thick in lieu of 1 3/8" thick)
- Amarr Model 1350 and 2700 doors with widths up to 9'-2" and heights up to 14'-0"

Submitted By:



STRUCTURAL SOLUTIONS, P.A.* (*Florida: dba Structural Solutions of North Carolina, Inc., Firm #29412)

Thomas L. Shelmerdine, PE (NC PE #14654; Florida PE #0048579)

5921-G West Friendly Avenue ■ Greensboro, North Carolina 27410 ■ (336) 856-2686 ■ Fax (336) 856-2687 ■ NC Firm #C-1096